

Description

The BX30A8 PWM servo drive is designed to drive brushless DC motors at a high switching frequency. It is fully protected against over-voltage, over-current, over-heating and short-circuit. The drive interfaces with digital controllers or can be used as stand-alone drives. It requires only a single unregulated DC power supply. A single red/green LED indicates operating status. Loop gain, current limit, input gain and offset can be adjusted using 14- turn potentiometers. The offset adjusting potentiometer can also be used as an on-board input signal for testing purposes when SW1 (DIP switch) is ON. This drive can use quadrature encoder inputs or Hall sensors for velocity control.

See Part Numbering Information on last page of datasheet for additional ordering options.

Power Range

Peak Current	30 A
Continuous Current	15 A
Supply Voltage	20 - 80 VDC



Features

- ▲ Optical Isolation Between High & Low Power Signals
- ▲ Four Quadrant Regenerative Operation
- ▲ Adjustable Current Limits
- ▲ Selectable Inhibit/Enable Logic
- ▲ On-Board Test Potentiometer
- ▲ Offset Adjustment Potentiometer
- ▲ Adjustable Input Gain
- ▲ Selectable 120/60 Hall Commutation Phasing
- ▲ Hall Velocity Mode
- ▲ Encoder Velocity Mode
- ▲ Selectable Fault Level
- ▲ Fault Latching Option

MODES OF OPERATION

- Current
- Duty Cycle (Open Loop)
- Hall Velocity
- Velocity

COMMAND SOURCE

- ±10 V Analog

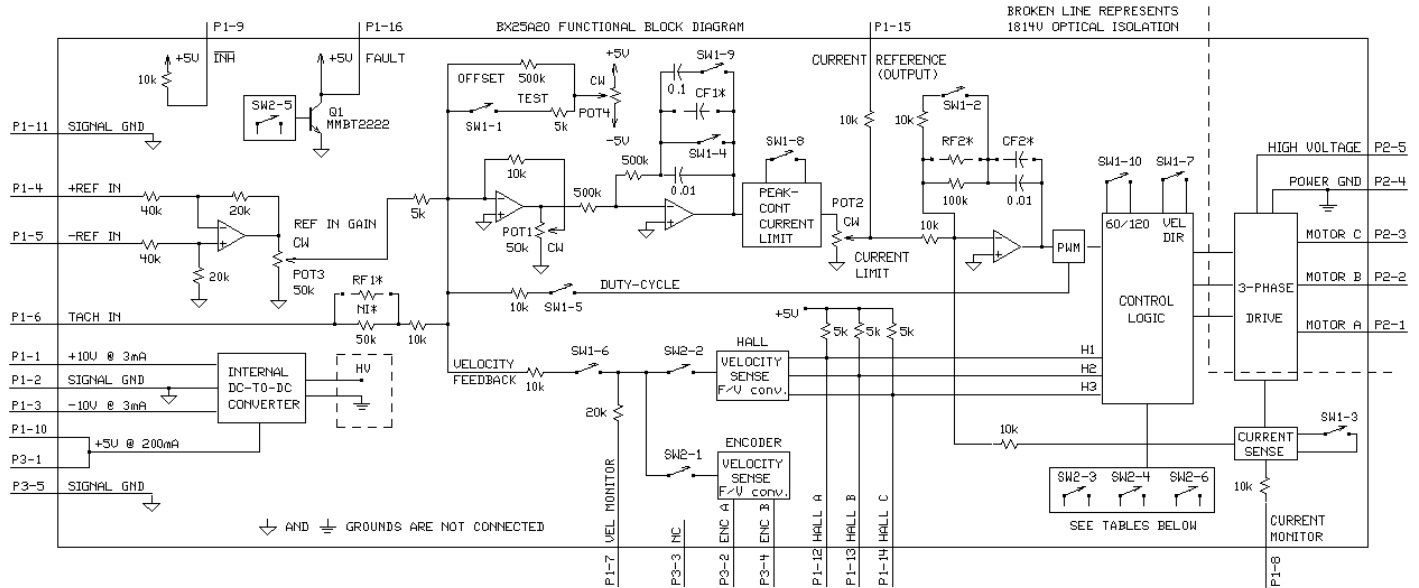
FEEDBACK SUPPORTED

- Halls
- Incremental Encoder
- Tachometer (±60 VDC)

COMPLIANCES & AGENCY APPROVALS

- UL
- cUL
- CE Class A (LVD)
- CE Class A (EMC)
- RoHS

BLOCK DIAGRAM



MODE SELECTION	SW1-2	SW1-4	SW1-5	SW1-6	SW2-1	SW2-2	ENC	HALL	TACH
CURRENT MODE	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	--	--	NC	CONN	NC
ENCODER VELOCITY	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	CONN	CONN	NC
HALL VELOCITY	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	NC	CONN	NC
DUTY CYCLE MODE	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	--	--	NC	CONN	NC
TACHOMETER MODE	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	--	--	NC	CONN	CONN




INHIBIT LEVEL SELECT	FAULT-INHIBIT RELATION	FAULT LEVEL	FAULT CONDITION
SW2-3 Full P1-9 to GND to	SW2-4 INHIBIT=FAULT	SW2-5 OUT (P1-16)	SW2-6 LATCH
OFF ENABLE	OFF NO	OFF ACTIVE Lo	OFF YES
ON INHIBIT	ON YES	ON ACTIVE Hi	ON NO

NC-NOT CONNECTED CONN-CONNECTED

LED GREEN - NORMAL OPERATION, LED RED- FAULT
 RECOMMENDED SETTING FOR CURRENT MODE - POT1 FULLY CCW, POT3 FULLY CW
 AMPLIFIERS ARE SHIPPED IN CURRENT MODE WITH MAXIMUM CURRENT SETTINGS
 FOR OTHER SWITCH FUNCTIONS SEE SWITCH DESCRIPTION
 * OPTIONAL USER INSTALLED THROUGH HOLE COMPONENTS

FAULT LATCH: 1. OVER VOLTAGE
 2. UNDER VOLTAGE
 3. SHORT CIRCUIT
 4. OVER TEMPERATURE

Information on Approvals and Compliances

	<p>US and Canadian safety compliance with UL 508c, the industrial standard for power conversion electronics. UL registered under file number E140173. Note that machine components compliant with UL are considered UL registered as opposed to UL listed as would be the case for commercial products.</p>
	<p>Compliant with European CE for both the Class A EMC Directive 2004/108/EC on Electromagnetic Compatibility (specifically EN 61000-6-4:2001, EN 61000-6-2:2001, EN 61000-3-2:2000, and EN 61000-3-3:1995/A1:2001) and LVD requirements of directive 2006/95/EC (specifically EN 60204-1), a low voltage directive to protect users from electrical shock.</p>
	<p>RoHS (Reduction of Hazardous Substances) is intended to prevent hazardous substances such as lead from being manufactured in electrical and electronic equipment.</p>

SPECIFICATIONS

Power Specifications		
Description	Units	Value
DC Supply Voltage Range	VDC	20 - 80
DC Bus Over Voltage Limit	VDC	90
Maximum Peak Output Current ¹	A	30
Maximum Continuous Output Current	A	15
Maximum Continuous Output Power	W	1140
Maximum Power Dissipation at Continuous Current	W	60
Minimum Load Inductance (Line-To-Line) ²	µH	200
Low Voltage Supply Outputs	-	±10 VDC (3 mA), +5 VDC (200 mA)
Switching Frequency	kHz	22
Control Specifications		
Description	Units	Value
Command Sources	-	±10 V Analog
Feedback Supported	-	Halls, Incremental Encoder, Tachometer (±60 VDC)
Commutation Methods	-	Trapezoidal
Modes of Operation	-	Current, Hall Velocity, Duty Cycle, Velocity
Motors Supported	-	Single Phase (Brushed, Voice Coil, Inductive Load), Three Phase (Brushless)
Hardware Protection	-	Invalid Commutation Feedback, Over Current, Over Temperature, Over Voltage, Short Circuit (Phase-Phase & Phase-Ground)
Primary I/O Logic Level	-	5V TTL
Mechanical Specifications		
Description	Units	Value
Agency Approvals	-	CE Class A (EMC), CE Class A (LVD), cUL, RoHS, UL
Size (H x W x D)	mm (in)	186.7 x 111.7 x 36.8 (7.4 x 4.4 x 1.4)
Weight	g (oz)	680 (24)
Heatsink (Base) Temperature Range ³	°C (°F)	0 - 65 (32 - 149)
Storage Temperature Range	°C (°F)	-40 - 85 (-40 - 185)
Form Factor	-	Panel Mount
P1 Connector	-	16-pin, 2.54 mm spaced, friction lock header
P2 Connector	-	5-port, 5.08 mm spaced, screw terminal
P3 Connector	-	5-pin, 2.54 mm spaced, friction lock header

Notes

1. Maximum duration of peak current is ~2 seconds.
2. Lower inductance is acceptable for bus voltages well below maximum. Use external inductance to meet requirements.
3. Additional cooling and/or heatsink may be required to achieve rated performance.

PIN FUNCTIONS

P1 - Signal Connector			
Pin	Name	Description / Notes	I/O
1	+10V 3mA OUT	±10 V @ 3 mA low power supply for customer use. Short circuit protected. Reference ground common with signal ground.	O
2	SIGNAL GND		SGND
3	-10V 3mA OUT		O
4	+REF IN	Differential Reference Input (±10 V Operating Range, ±15 V Maximum Input)	I
5	-REF IN		I
6	-TACH IN		I
7	VEL MONITOR OUT	Velocity Monitor. Analog output proportional to motor speed. In Encoder Velocity mode, output is proportional to the encoder line frequency. In Hall Velocity mode, output is proportional to the electrical cycle frequency. Encoder Velocity scaling is 25 kHz/V. Hall Velocity scaling is 125 Hz/V.	O
8	CURR MONITOR OUT	Current Monitor. Analog output signal proportional to the actual current output. Scaling is 5.3 A/V by default but may be reduced to half this value by setting DIP switch SW-3 to OFF (see Hardware Settings section below). Measure relative to signal ground.	O
9	INHIBIT IN	TTL level (+5 V) inhibit/enable input. Leave open to enable drive. Pull to ground to inhibit drive. Inhibit turns off all power devices.	I
10	+5V	Low Power Supply For Feedback (+5 V @ 200 mA). Referenced to signal ground. Note: the combined current on all +5V outputs on this drive should not exceed 200 mA.	O
11	SIGNAL GND		SGND
12	HALL 1	Single-ended Hall/Commutation Sensor Inputs (+5 V logic level)	I
13	HALL 2		I
14	HALL 3		I
15	CURR REFERENCE	Measures the command signal to the internal current-loop. This pin has a maximum output of ±7.25 V when the drive outputs maximum peak current. Measure relative to signal ground.	O
16	FAULT OUT	TTL level (+5 V) output becomes high when power devices are disabled due to at least one of the following conditions: inhibit, invalid Hall state, output short circuit, over voltage, over temperature, power-up reset.	O

P2 - Power Connector			
Pin	Name	Description / Notes	I/O
1	MOTOR A	Motor Phase A	O
2	MOTOR B	Motor Phase B	O
3	MOTOR C	Motor Phase C	O
4	POWER GND	Power Ground (Common With Signal Ground)	PGND
5	HIGH VOLTAGE	DC Power Input	I

P3 - Feedback Connector			
Pin	Name	Description / Notes	I/O
1	+5V	Low Power Supply For Encoder (+5 V @ 200 mA). Referenced to signal ground. Short circuit protected. Note: the combined current on all +5V outputs on this drive should not exceed 200 mA.	O
2	CHANNEL A	Single-ended encoder channel A input. +5 V logic level.	I
3	NC	Not Connected (Reserved)	-
4	CHANNEL B	Single-ended encoder channel B input. +5 V logic level.	I
5	SIGNAL GND	Signal Ground	SGND

HARDWARE SETTINGS

Switch Functions

SW1			
Switch	Description	Setting	
		On	Off
1	Test/Offset. Switches the function of the Test/Offset pot between an on-board command input for testing or a command offset adjustment. OFF by default.	Test	Offset
2	Current loop proportional gain adjustment. ON by default.	Decrease	Increase
3	Current scaling. When OFF, increases sensitivity of current sense thus reducing both peak and continuous current limit by 50%. The scaling of the current monitor output signal becomes ½ its ordinary value when this switch is OFF.	Full-current	Half-current
4	Outer loop integration. Activates or deactivates integration. ON, by default, for current mode and OFF for other modes.	Inactive	Active
5	Mode selection. See mode selection table below.	-	-
6	Mode selection. See mode selection table below.	-	-
7	Velocity feedback polarity. Changes the polarity of the internal feedback signal and the velocity monitor output signal. Inversion of the feedback polarity may be required to prevent a motor run-away condition.	Standard	Inverted
8	Current ratio. Used to set continuous-to-peak current ratio. Default is ON.	Cont./Peak Ratio = 50%	Cont./Peak Ratio = 25%
9	Outer loop integral gain adjustment. It is recommended to leave this switch OFF for most applications, but ON for Hall Velocity Mode.	Decrease	Increase
10	Hall sensor phasing. Selects 120°/60° commutation phasing. ON by default.	120°	60°

SW2			
Switch	Description	Setting	
		On	Off
1	Mode selection. See mode selection table below.	-	-
2	Mode selection. See mode selection table below.	-	-
3	Inhibit logic. Sets the logic level of inhibit pins.	Active Low	Active High
4	Sets whether or not the inhibit input activates the fault output.	Inhibit In ≠ Fault Out	Inhibit In = Fault Out
5	Fault logic. Sets the logic level of fault output.	Active High	Active Low
6	Sets whether or not the fault output should latch. When non-latching, the fault output clears as soon as all fault conditions are released. When latching, the fault output clears only once all fault conditions have been released and the drive is either power cycled or the inhibit input is toggled.	Non-latching Faults	Latching Faults

Mode Selection Table

	SW1-4	SW1-5	SW1-6	SW2-1	SW2-2	Encoder	Tachometer
CURRENT	ON	OFF	OFF	-	-	Not Connected	Not Connected
DUTY CYCLE	OFF	ON	OFF	-	-	Not Connected	Not Connected
HALL VELOCITY*	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	Not Connected	Not Connected
ENCODER VELOCITY*	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	Connected	Not Connected
TACHOMETER	OFF	OFF	OFF	-	-	Not Connected	Connected

*NOTE: See details of switch SW1-7 for further Hall Velocity or Encoder Velocity configuration information.

Potentiometer Functions

Potentiometer	Description	Turning CW
1	Loop gain adjustment for duty cycle / velocity modes. Turn this pot fully CCW in current mode.	Increases gain
2	Current limit. It adjusts both continuous and peak current limit while maintaining their ratio.	Increases limit
3	Reference gain. Adjusts the ratio between input signal and output variables (voltage, current, or velocity).	Increases gain
4	Offset / Test. Used to adjust any imbalance in the input signal or in the amplifier. Can also be used as an on-board signal source for testing purposes.	Adjusts offset in negative direction

Note: Potentiometers are approximately linear and have 12 active turns with 1 inactive turn on each end.

Through-hole Components[†]

Location	Description
CF1*	Velocity Loop Integrator. Through-hole capacitor that can be added for more precise velocity loop tuning. See section below on Tuning with Through-hole components for more details.
CF2*	Current Loop Integrator. Through-hole capacitor that can be added for more precise current loop tuning. See section below on Tuning with Through-hole components for more details.
RF1*	Tachometer Input Scaling. Through-hole resistor that can be added to change the gain of the tachometer input. See section below on Tachometer Gain for more details.
RF2*	Current Loop Proportional Gain. Through-hole resistor that can be added for more precise current loop tuning. See section below on Tuning with Through-hole components for more details.

Tuning With Through-hole Components

In general, the drive will not need to be further tuned with through-hole components. However, for applications requiring more precise tuning than what is offered by the potentiometers and dipswitches, the drive can be manually modified with through-hole resistors and capacitors as denoted in the above table. By default, the through-hole locations are not populated when the drive is shipped. Before attempting to add through-hole components to the board, consult the section on loop tuning in the installation notes on the manufacturer’s website. Some general rules of thumb to follow when adding through-hole components are:

- A larger resistor value will increase the proportional gain, and therefore create a faster response time.
- A larger capacitor value will increase the integration time, and therefore create a slower response time.

Proper tuning using the through-hole components will require careful observation of the loop response on a digital oscilloscope to find the optimal through-hole component values for the specific application.

Tachometer Gain

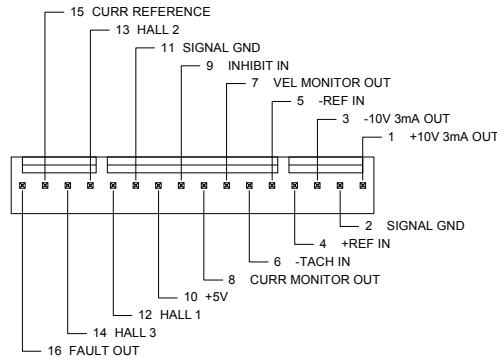
Some applications may require an increase in the gain of the tachometer input signal. This occurrence will be most common in designs where the tachometer input has a low voltage to RPM scaling ratio. The drive offers a through-hole location listed in the above table where a resistor can be added to increase the tachometer gain. Use the drive’s block diagram to determine an appropriate resistor value.

[†]Note: Damage done to the drive while performing these modifications will void the warranty.

MECHANICAL INFORMATION

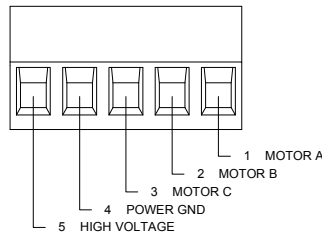
P1 - Signal Connector

Connector Information		16-pin, 2.54 mm spaced, friction lock header
Mating Connector	Details	Molex: P/N 22-01-3167 (connector) and P/N 08-50-0114 (insert terminals)
	Included with Drive	Yes



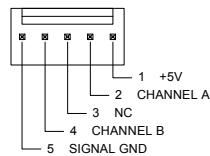
P2 - Power Connector

Connector Information		5-port, 5.08 mm spaced, screw terminal
Mating Connector	Details	Not applicable
	Included with Drive	Not applicable



P3 - Feedback Connector

Connector Information		5-pin, 2.54 mm spaced, friction lock header
Mating Connector	Details	Molex: P/N 22-01-3057 (connector) and P/N 08-50-0114 (insert terminals)
	Included with Drive	Yes



MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

